A New Record of *Ooencyrtus papilionis* (Hymenoptera: Encyrtidae) on the Eggs of *Papilio demoleus* (Linn.) from India*

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The citrus leaf-eating caterpillar Papilio demoleus (Linn.) is a key pest of citrus in India causing extensive damage especially in nurseries and to tender flushes of foliage of different citrus cultivars in the field. A number of natural enemies were recorded by earlier workers (Pruthi and Mani, 1985; Singh, 1980, 1985: Krishnamoorthy and Singh, 1986; Krishnamoorthy, 1987). During the course of observations in the campus, a large number of eggs laid by P. demoleus on citrus were found to be parasitised. Such eggs were brought to the laboratory and kept individually in glass tubes $(7.5 \times 2.5 \text{ cm})$ and on emergence, the parasitoids were separated based on visual characters. Subsequently, the parasitoids were indentified by Commonwealth Institute of Entomology, London.

Observations revealed the presence of Telenomus parasitoids viz. three Trichogramma sp. and Ovencyrtus papilionis Ashmead. The latter is a new record from the eggs of P. demoleus in India. The specimens of O. papilionis could be a form of Ooencyrtus malayensis (Ferriere) (J.S.Noyes, personal communication). Total egg parasitism was to the extent of 62 per cent, of which O. papilionis accounted for 56.4%. O. papilionis was previously known only from the Philippines where it parasitised eggs of a number of Papilio species (Ferriere, 1931). Recently, Tryapitsyn et al. (1977) also recorded it from the eggs of various papilionids from Vietnam.

Three to seven adults emerged from a single egg. Total developmental period was 11-13 days and adults lived for 5 days. O. papilionis readily parasitised P. demoleus eggs

when offered, but failed to parasitise the eggs of laboratory host Corcyra cephalonica Stainton. O.papilionis had been recorded from sugarcane leafhopper Pyrilla perpusilla Walker by many workers in India (Rahman and Nath, 1940; Subba Rao, 1979). Vital information on its biology under constant and variable temperature on P. perpusilla has already been published (Madan et al., 1984).

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